

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID:	.40806		
Product Name:	106 GLO ENAMEL		
Revision Date:	Oct 12, 2018	Date Printed:	Oct 12, 2018
Version:	4.0	Supersedes Date:	Jun 26, 2017
Manufacturer's Name:	Repcolite Paints, Inc.		
Address:	473 West 17th Street Holland, MI, US	6, 49423	
Emergency Phone:	800-535-5053		
Information Phone Numbe	er: 616-396-1275		
Fax:	616-396-9654		

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# Classification

Aspiration Hazard - Category 1

Carcinogenicity - Category 1B

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 2

Eye Irritation - Category 2A

Flammable Liquids - Category 2

Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 1B

Skin Irritation - Category 3

Skin Sensitizer - Category 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 1



Danger

# Hazardous Statements - Physical

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

# Hazardous Statements - Health

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

- H350 May cause cancer
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H340 May cause genetic defects.
- H316 Causes mild skin irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# Hazardous Statements - Environmental

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

# **Precautionary Statements - General**

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...] equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P391 Collect spillage.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide to extinguish.
- P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P321 For specific treatment see section 4.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.
- P314 Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

# **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to disposal recycling center. Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full

# Acute toxicity of 55.7% of the mixture is unknown

# **SECTION 3) COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
proprietary	alkyd resin non volatiles	36% - 60%
0008052-41-3	STODDARD SOLVENT	15% - 25%
0064742-88-7	MEDIUM MINERAL SPIRITS	12% - 27%
0000136-51-6	CALCIUM 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE	0.1% - 1.4%
0064742-95-6	AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	0.1% - 1.3%
0000096-29-7	2-BUTANONE OXIME	0.0% - 0.5%
0000107-98-2	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	0.0% - 0.3%
0000100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE	Trace
0064742-82-1	NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HYDRODESULFURIZED	Trace

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

# **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

# Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

#### Skin Contact

Take off all contaminated clothing, shoes, and leather goods (e.g.,watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Store contaminated clothing under water and wash before re-use (or discard).

# **Eye Contact**

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Ingestion

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

# **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

No data available.

#### Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point.

Vapor accumulations and spray mist may flash or explode if ignited.

Closed containers may rupture due to pressure buildup when exposed to extreme heat.

# **Fire-fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

#### **Special Protective Actions**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

# SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# **Emergency Procedure**

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

Positive pressure, full-face piece self-contained breathing apparatus SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

#### Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

#### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Dike area to contain spill.

Absorb spill with inert absorbent.

# SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### General

Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

# Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

#### Storage Room Requirements

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this

product is used and stored.

# **Eye Protection**

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

# **Skin Protection**

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over- boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

# **Respiratory Protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced.

# Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

A suitable, NIOSH-approved respirator and goggles should be worn when standing or grinding objects coated with this paint.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH Carcinogen
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	500	2000			1							
ETHYLBENZENE	100	435			1			20				A3
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HYDRODESULFURIZ ED	500	2000			1							
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER								50		100		A4
STODDARD SOLVENT	500	2900			1			100	572			

Chemical Name	ACGIH Notations	ACGIH TLV Basis
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9		
ETHYLBENZENE	A3; BEI	URT irr;Kidney dam (nephropat hy); Cochlear impair
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HYDRODESULFURIZ ED		
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL	A4	Eye & URT irr

ETHER	
STODDARD SOLVENT	Eye, skin, & kidney dam; nausea; CNS impair

(C) - Ceiling limit, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI -Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, dam - Damage, impair - Impairment, irr -Irritation, URT - Upper respiratory tract

The information in this Section does not list components that might have relevant ACGIH Notations, ACGIH TLV Basis, OSHA TWA (mg/m3), OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3), ACGIH TWA (ppm), ACGIH TWA (mg/m3), ACGIH STEL (mg/m3), ACGIH Carcinogen regulatory values, if they are present at less than 10%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

# **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# Physical and Chemical Properties

Density	7.74713 lb/gal	
% Solids By Weight	58.59420%	
% VOC	41.34870%	
Density VOC	3.20334 lb/gal	
VOC Regulatory	3.19089 lb/gal	
VOC Regulatory	382.36400 g/l	
Appearance	N/A	
Odor Threshold	N/A	
Odor Description	N/A	
рН	N/A	
Water Solubility	N/A	
Flammability	N/A	
Flash Point Symbol	N/A	
Flash Point	N/A	
Viscosity	N/A	
Lower Explosion Level	N/A	
Upper Explosion Level	N/A	
Vapor Pressure	N/A	
Vapor Density	NA	
Freezing Point	N/A	
Melting Point	N/A	
Low Boiling Point	N/A	
High Boiling Point	N/A	
Auto Ignition Temp	N/A	
Decomposition Pt	N/A	
Evaporation Rate	N/A	
Coefficient Water/Oil	N/A	

# SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

# Stability

#### Stable.

#### **Conditions to Avoid**

Excessive heat.

#### **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

#### No data available.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizers.

#### Hazardous Decomposition Products

May produce fumes when heated to decomposition.

Fumes may contain carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

# SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Causes mild skin irritation

# Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

#### **Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

May cause an allergic skin reaction

# **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

May cause genetic defects.

#### Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer

#### **Reproductive Toxicity**

No Data Available

#### Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

No Data Available

# Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Aspiration Hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

#### **Acute Toxicity**

No Data Available

#### Chronic Exposure

0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been listed by IARC as Group 2B, Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been Classified as POSSIBLE for humans.

## **Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous**

0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. Studies in laboratory animals have shown reproductive, embryotoxic and developmental effects. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

0000107-98-2 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Tests in laboratory animals have shown effects on any of the following organs/systems: kidneys, liver. Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage.

#### 0064742-88-7 MEDIUM MINERAL SPIRITS

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin. This substance may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, central nervous system, eyes, kidneys, liver, lungs, reproductive system, skin. Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

0064742-95-6 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: skin disorders. Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

LC50 (inhalation, rat): 4000 ppm; 4-hour exposure (3)

LD50 (oral, rat): 3.5 g/kg (1,3,5,10) LD50 (oral, rat): 4.72 g/kg (3,5,7,8) LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 17.8 g/kg (11) 0000107-98-2 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

LC50 (rat): 15000 ppm; 4-hr exposure (2) LC50 (guinea pig): 15000 ppm; 10-hr exposure (2)

LD50 (oral, rat): 6.6 g/kg (5.2-7.5 g/kg) (10) LD50 (oral, mouse): 10.7-10.8 g/kg (2,12) LD50 (oral, dog): 4.6-5.5 g/kg (2); approximately 9.2 g/kg (2) LD50 (oral, rabbit): 5.2-5.3 g/kg (2,12) LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 13-14 g/kg (10)

0008052-41-3 STODDARD SOLVENT

LC50 (rat): greater than 5500 mg/m3 (880 ppm) (whole body exposure for 4 hours) (1) LC50 (rat): greater than 8200 mg/m3 (1300 ppm) (2)

LD50 (oral, rat): greater than 5 g/kg (1) LD50 (dermal, rabbit): greater than 3 g/kg (1)

# **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Bio-accumulative Potential**

No data available.

#### Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

# Mobility in Soil

No data available.

## Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

# Other adverse effects

No data available.

# **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# Waste Disposal

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria

for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

# **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## **U.S. DOT Information**

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT Identification Number : UN/NA 1263 Hazard Class:3 Packing group: II

# **IMDG** Information

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT Identification Number : UN/NA 1263 Hazard Class:3 Packing group: II Marine Pollutant : No data available

# **IATA Information**

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT Identification Number : UN/NA 1263 Hazard Class:3 Packing group: II

# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# **REGULATORY INFORMATION**

TSCA Inventory: All components of this product are in compliance with U.S. TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory Requirements. Canada Domestic Substances List: All components of this product are listed on the Domestic Substances List

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
proprietary	alkyd resin non volatiles	36% - 60%	SARA312
0008052-41-3	STODDARD SOLVENT	15% - 25%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,SARA312,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0064742-88-7	MEDIUM MINERAL SPIRITS	12% - 27%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,SARA312
0000136-51-6	CALCIUM 2- ETHYLHEXANOATE	0.1% - 1.4%	DSL,SARA312
0064742-95-6	AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	0.1% - 1.3%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,SARA312
0000096-29-7	2-BUTANONE OXIME	0.0% - 0.5%	DSL,SARA312
0000107-98-2	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	0.0% - 0.3%	DSL,SARA312,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0000100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE	Trace	Canada_NPRI,DSL,HAPS,SARA312,CA_Carcinogen,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0064742-82-1	NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) HYDRODESULFURIZED	Trace	DSL,SARA312

The information in this Section does not list components that might have relevant Canada\_NPRI, DSL, HAPS, SARA312, WI\_NR438 - WI\_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS regulatory values, if they are present at less than 10%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

## General

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL-Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

## **Other Special Consideration**

\* There are points of differences between OSHA GHS and UN GHS. In 90% of the categories, they can be used interchangeably, but for the Skin Corrosion/Irritant Category and the Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single and Repeated Exposure) Categories. In these cases, our system will say UN GHS.

Health	/ 2
FLAMMABILITY	2
Physical Hazard	0
Personal Protection	X

#### (\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

# Version 4.0:

Revision Date: Oct 12, 2018

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