
SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID: .42802
Product Name: 392 DURANAMEL SEMI GLOSS
Revision Date: Oct 25, 2018 **Date Printed:** Oct 25, 2018
Version: 2.0 **Supersedes Date:** May 22, 2017
Manufacturer's Name: Repolite Paints, Inc.
Address: 473 West 17th Street Holland, MI, US, 49423
Emergency Phone: 800-535-5053
Information Phone Number: 616-396-1275
Fax: 616-396-9654

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 3
Carcinogenicity - Category 1B
Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 3
Eye Irritation - Category 2A
Skin Irritation - Category 3

Pictograms



Signal Word

Danger

Hazardous Statements - Health

H350 - May cause cancer
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H316 - Causes mild skin irritation

Hazardous Statements - Environmental

H402 - Harmful to aquatic life
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - General

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102 - Keep out of reach of children.
P103 - Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

Precautionary Statements - Response

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

P405 - Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to disposal recycling center. Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Acute toxicity of 25.3% of the mixture is unknown

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| CAS | Chemical Name | % By Weight |
|--------------|--|-------------|
| 0013463-67-7 | TITANIUM DIOXIDE | 9% - 21% |
| 0025265-77-4 | 2,2,4-TRIMETHYL PENTANEDIOL 1,3-MONOISOBUTYRAT | 0.1% - 0.6% |
| 0000057-55-6 | PROPYLENE GLYCOL | 0.1% - 0.6% |
| 0064742-54-7 | MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY PARAFFINIC | 0.0% - 0.2% |
| 0064742-46-7 | MINERAL SEAL OIL | 0.0% - 0.2% |
| 0001314-13-2 | ZINC OXIDE | 0.0% - 0.1% |
| 0000124-68-5 | 2-AMINO-2-METHYL-1-PROPANOL | 0.0% - 0.1% |
| 0007632-00-0 | SODIUM NITRITE | 0.0% - 0.1% |
| 0000108-01-0 | DIMETHYLETHANOLAMINE | Trace |
| 0000126-86-3 | 2,4,7,9-TETRAMETHYL-5-DECYNE-4,7-DIOL | Trace |
| 0000577-11-7 | DI-2-ETHYLHEXYL SODIUM SULFOSUCCINATE | Trace |
| 0000112-34-5 | DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER | Trace |
| 0002634-33-5 | 1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE | Trace |
| 0000097-88-1 | N-BUTYL METHACRYLATE | Trace |
| 0000079-41-4 | METHACRYLIC ACID | Trace |
| 0000108-91-8 | CYCLOHEXANAMINE | Trace |
| 0064742-95-6 | AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9 | Trace |
| 0002682-20-4 | 2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE | Trace |
| 0000127-09-3 | SODIUM ACETATE | Trace |
| 0000095-63-6 | 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | Trace |
| 0000104-76-7 | 2-ETHYL-1-HEXANOL | Trace |
| 0026172-55-4 | 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE | Trace |
| 0000108-67-8 | MESITYLENE | Trace |
| 0000091-20-3 | NAPHTHALENE | Trace |
| 0025340-17-4 | DIETHYLBENZENE | Trace |
| 0007631-90-5 | SODIUM BISULFITE | Trace |

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality

SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell or are concerned.

Skin Contact

Rinse/wash with lukewarm, gently flowing water (and mild soap) for 5 minutes or until product is removed. If skin irritation occurs or you feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact

If irritation occurs, cautiously rinse eyes with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes, while holding the eyelids open. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

If you feel unwell or if concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell or are concerned : Get medical advice/attention.

SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No data available.

Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Product will not burn but may spatter if temperature exceeds the boiling point of water.

Dried solids can burn.

Fire-fighting Procedures

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special Protective Actions

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure

Keep unnecessary people away; Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Clean up immediately. Evacuate area and ventilate. Flammable/combustible material.

Recommended Equipment

Positive pressure, full-face piece self-contained breathing apparatus SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Dike area to contain spill.

Absorb spill with inert absorbent.

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

General

Wash hands after use.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or mists.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

Storage Room Requirements

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous.

Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.

Keep from freezing.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

Skin Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over-boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

| Chemical Name | OSHA TWA (ppm) | OSHA TWA (mg/m3) | OSHA STEL (ppm) | OSHA STEL (mg/m3) | OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3) | OSHA Carcinogen | OSHA Skin designation | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | ACGIH TWA (mg/m3) | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | ACGIH STEL (mg/m3) | ACGIH Carcinogen |
|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9 | 500 | 2000 | | | 1 | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|------------|--|--|---|---------|-------|--|--------|----|
| CYCLOHEXANAMINE | | | | | | 10 | 41 | | | A4 |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER | | | | | | 10(IFV) | 0.1 | | | |
| METHACRYLIC ACID | | | | | | 20 | 70 | | | |
| MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY PARAFFINIC | 500 | 2000 | | | 1 | | | | | |
| MINERAL SEAL OIL | 500 | 2000 | | | 1 | | | | | |
| NAPHTHALENE | 10 | 50 | | | 1 | 10 | | | | A3 |
| SODIUM BISULFITE | | | | | | | 5 | | | A4 |
| TITANIUM DIOXIDE | | 15 | | | 1 | | 10 | | | A4 |
| ZINC OXIDE | | [15]; [5]; | | | 1 | | 2 (R) | | 10 (R) | |

| Chemical Name | ACGIH Notations | ACGIH TLV Basis |
|--|-----------------|--|
| AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9 | | |
| CYCLOHEXANAMINE | A4 | URT & eye irr |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER | | Pulm edema; pneumonitis; dental erosion; malaise |
| METHACRYLIC ACID | | Skin & eye irr |
| MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY PARAFFINIC | | |
| MINERAL SEAL OIL | | |
| NAPHTHALENE | Skin; A3 | URT irr; cataracts; hemolytic anemia |
| SODIUM BISULFITE | A4 | Skin; eye, & URT irr |
| TITANIUM DIOXIDE | A4 | LRT irr |
| ZINC OXIDE | | Metal fume fever |

(C) - Ceiling limit, (R) - Respirable fraction, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, irr - Irritation, LRT - Lower respiratory tract, pulm - Pulmonary, URT - Upper respiratory tract

The information in this Section does not list components that might have relevant ACGIH TLV Basis, OSHA TWA (ppm), OSHA TWA (mg/m3), OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3), ACGIH TWA (mg/m3), ACGIH STEL (mg/m3) regulatory values, if they are present at less than 10%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and Chemical Properties

| | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| Density | 9.77714 lb/gal |
| % Solids By Weight | 42.19710% |
| % VOC | 1.90887% |
| Density VOC | 0.18663 lb/gal |
| VOC Regulatory | 0.40893 lb/gal |
| VOC Regulatory | 49.00140 g/l |

| | |
|-----------------------|--------|
| Appearance | N/A |
| Odor Threshold | N/A |
| Odor Description | N/A |
| pH | N/A |
| Water Solubility | N/A |
| Flammability | N/A |
| Flash Point Symbol | N/A |
| Flash Point | N/A |
| Viscosity | N/A |
| Lower Explosion Level | N/A |
| Upper Explosion Level | N/A |
| Vapor Pressure | N/A |
| Vapor Density | NA |
| Freezing Point | 32 °F |
| Melting Point | N/A |
| Low Boiling Point | 212 °F |
| High Boiling Point | N/A |
| Auto Ignition Temp | N/A |
| Decomposition Pt | N/A |
| Evaporation Rate | N/A |
| Coefficient Water/Oil | N/A |

SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability

Stable.

Conditions to Avoid

Prevent from freezing.

Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

No data available.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Burning of dried solids may give off oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Prolonged contact may produce temporary reddening of skin.

Causes mild skin irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Direct contact may cause eye irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

May contain products that will irritate mucous membrane and respiratory tract.

No Data Available

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No Data Available

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer

Reproductive Toxicity

No Data Available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

No Data Available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

No Data Available

Aspiration Hazard

No Data Available

Acute Toxicity

Inhalation may produce symptoms of headache and nausea in poorly ventilated areas.

No Data Available

Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

0000091-20-3 NAPHTHALENE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Tests in some laboratory animals demonstrate carcinogenic activity. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: kidneys, liver. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. **WARNING:** This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

0013463-67-7 TITANIUM DIOXIDE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. In a lifetime inhalation test, lung cancers were found in some rats exposed to 250 mg/m³ respirable titanium dust. Analysis of the titanium dioxide concentrations in the rat's lungs showed that the lung clearance mechanism was overwhelmed and that the results at the massive 250 mg/m³ level are not relevant to the workplace. Results of a DuPont epidemiology study showed that employees who had been exposed to Titanium Dioxide were at no greater risk of developing lung cancer than were employees who had not been exposed to Titanium dioxide. No pulmonary fibrosis was found in any of the employees and no association was observed between Titanium dioxide exposure and chronic respiratory disease or x-ray abnormalities. Based on the results of this study DuPont concludes that titanium dioxide will not cause lung cancer or chronic respiratory disease in humans at concentrations experienced in the workplace.

0064742-95-6 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: skin disorders. Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

0000091-20-3 NAPHTHALENE

LC50: Insufficient data

LD50 (oral, mouse): 533 mg/kg (male); 710 mg/kg (female) (1)

LD50 (oral, rat): 1780 mg/kg (2)

0000095-63-6 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

LC50 (rat): 18 g/m3 (4-hour exposure) (1)

LD50 (oral, rat): 5 g/kg (1)

0000108-67-8 MESITYLENE

LC50 (rat): 24 g/m3 (4-hour exposure) (2)

0001314-13-2 ZINC OXIDE

LD50 (oral, mouse): 7950 mg/kg body weight (9)

0064742-54-7 MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY PARAFFINIC

LD50 (Rodent - rat, Oral) : >15 gm/kg ,Toxic effects : Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value.

LD50(Rodent- rabbit, Administration onto the skin) : >5 gm/kg, Toxic effects : Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value.

0000108-91-8 CYCLOHEXANAMINE

LC50 (mouse): Less than or equal to 493 ppm (exposure duration not reported) (1); 264 ppm (exposure duration not reported).(2)

LC50 (rat): 1850 ppm (exposure duration not reported).(2)

Lethal concentration (rat): 8000 ppm (4-hr exposure); 6 of 6 animals

LD50 (oral, rat): 0.71 mL/kg (approx. 620 mg/kg) (undiluted) (3); 156-278 mg/kg body weight (10% cyclohexylamine in water) (4); 400-800 mg/kg body weight (5% cyclohexylamine in water).(5)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 200-400 mg/kg body weight (undiluted cyclohexylamine).(5)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 0.32 mL/kg (275 mg/kg) body weight (unspecified concentration).(3)

LD50 (dermal, guinea pig): approx. 860-4300 mg/kg body weight (24-hr exposure) (undiluted cyclohexylamine).(5)

SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Bio-accumulative Potential

No data available.

0064742-54-7 MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY PARAFFINIC

Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate.

Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

Mobility in Soil

No data available.

0064742-54-7 MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY PARAFFINIC

Liquid under most environmental conditions. Floats on water. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.

Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Information

Not regulated by the US Department of Transportation.

IMDG Information

No data available.

IATA Information

No data available.

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

| CAS | Chemical Name | % By Weight | Regulation List |
|--------------|--|-------------|---|
| 0007732-18-5 | WATER | 41% - 69% | TSCA |
| 0013463-67-7 | TITANIUM DIOXIDE | 9% - 21% | SARA312,TSCA,CA_Carcinogen,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer |
| 0025265-77-4 | 2,2,4-TRIMETHYL PENTANEDIOL 1,3-MONOISOBUTYRAT | 0.1% - 0.6% | SARA312,VOC,TSCA |
| 0000057-55-6 | PROPYLENE GLYCOL | 0.1% - 0.6% | SARA312,VOC,TSCA |
| 0064742-54-7 | MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY PARAFFINIC | 0.0% - 0.2% | SARA312,VOC,TSCA |
| 0064742-46-7 | MINERAL SEAL OIL | 0.0% - 0.2% | SARA312,VOC,TSCA |
| 0001314-13-2 | ZINC OXIDE | 0.0% - 0.1% | Canada_NPRI,SARA312,TSCA |
| 0000124-68-5 | 2-AMINO-2-METHYL-1-PROPANOL | 0.0% - 0.1% | SARA312,VOC,VOC_exempt,TSCA |
| 0007632-00-0 | SODIUM NITRITE | 0.0% - 0.1% | Canada_NPRI,SARA312,TSCA |
| 0000108-01-0 | DIMETHYLETHANOLAMINE | Trace | SARA312,VOC,TSCA |
| 0000126-86-3 | 2,4,7,9-TETRAMETHYL-5-DECYNE-4,7-DIOL | Trace | SARA312,TSCA |
| 0000577-11-7 | DI-2-ETHYLHEXYL SODIUM SULFOSUCCINATE | Trace | SARA312,TSCA |
| 0000112-34-5 | DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER | Trace | Canada_NPRI,HAPS,SARA312,VHAPS,VOC,TSCA,CA_TAC_Carcinogen |
| 0002634-33-5 | 1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE | Trace | SARA312,TSCA |
| 0000097-88-1 | N-BUTYL METHACRYLATE | Trace | SARA312,VOC,TSCA |
| 0000079-41-4 | METHACRYLIC ACID | Trace | SARA312,VOC,TSCA |
| 0000108-91-8 | CYCLOHEXANAMINE | Trace | SARA312,VOC,TSCA |
| 0064742-95-6 | AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9 | Trace | Canada_NPRI,SARA312,VOC,TSCA |

| | | | |
|--------------|--|-------|--|
| 0002682-20-4 | 2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE | Trace | SARA312,TSCA |
| 0000127-09-3 | SODIUM ACETATE | Trace | SARA312,TSCA |
| 0000095-63-6 | 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | Trace | Canada_NPRI,SARA312,VOC,TSCA |
| 0000104-76-7 | 2-ETHYL-1-HEXANOL | Trace | SARA312,VOC,TSCA |
| 0026172-55-4 | 5-CHLORO-2-METHYL-4-ISOTHIAZOLIN-3-ONE | Trace | SARA312,VOC,TSCA |
| 0000108-67-8 | MESITYLENE | Trace | Canada_NPRI,SARA312,VOC,TSCA |
| 0000091-20-3 | NAPHTHALENE | Trace | Canada_NPRI,HAPS,SARA312,VHAPS,VOC,TSCA,CA_Carcinogen,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer |
| 0025340-17-4 | DIETHYLBENZENE | Trace | SARA312,VOC,TSCA |
| 0007631-90-5 | SODIUM BISULFITE | Trace | SARA312,TSCA |

The information in this Section does not list components that might have relevant Canada_NPRI, SARA312, TSCA, VOC regulatory values, if they are present at less than 10%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

General

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG- Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

HMIS

| | |
|---------------------|-----|
| Health | / 1 |
| FLAMMABILITY | 0 |
| Physical Hazard | 0 |
| Personal Protection | X |

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

Version 2.0:

Revision Date: Oct 25, 2018

DISCLAIMER

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