

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID: .44820

Product Name: RED RUST RESISTANT PRIMER

 Revision Date:
 Nov 02, 2018
 Date Printed:
 Nov 02, 2018

 Version:
 3.0
 Supersedes Date:
 Dec 21, 2016

Manufacturer's Name: Repcolite Paints, Inc.

Address: 473 West 17th Street Holland, MI, US, 49423

Emergency Phone: 800-535-5053 **Information Phone Number:** 616-396-1275 **Fax:** 616-396-9654

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 2

Acute toxicity Dermal - Category 4

Acute toxicity Inhalation - Category 4

Acute toxicity Oral - Category 5

Aspiration Hazard - Category 1

Carcinogenicity - Category 1B

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 3

Eye Irritation - Category 2

Flammable Liquids - Category 2

Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 1B

Reproductive Toxicity - Category 2

Skin Irritation - Category 2

Skin Sensitizer - Category 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 2

Pictograms







Signal Word

Danger

Hazardous Statements - Physical

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Hazardous Statements - Health

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

.44820 Page 1 of 12

- H332 Harmful if inhaled
- H303 May be harmful if swallowed
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H350 May cause cancer
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H340 May cause genetic defects.
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or an unborn child.
- H315 Causes skin irritation
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Hazardous Statements - Environmental

- H401 Toxic to aquatic life
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements - General

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical/ventilating/lighting/...] equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Precautionary Statements - Response

- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
- P321 For specific treatment see section 4.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

.44820 Page 2 of 12

- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide to extinguish.
- P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P314 Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

- P405 Store locked up.
- P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to disposal recycling center. Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Acute toxicity of 22.8% of the mixture is unknown

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0000108-38-3	M-XYLENE	10% - 23%
0068410-97-9	LACQUER DILUENT NAPTHA	6% - 14%
0000106-42-3	P-XYLENE	4% - 10%
0000100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE	4% - 10%
0000095-47-6	O-XYLENE	4% - 9%
0001314-13-2	ZINC OXIDE	0.1% - 1.4%
0001335-30-4	ALUMINUM SILICATE HYDRATE	0.1% - 1.3%
0000096-29-7	2-BUTANONE OXIME	0.0% - 0.3%
0014808-60-7	SILICA, CRYSTALLINE	0.0% - 0.2%
0008052-41-3	STODDARD SOLVENT	Trace
0000136-51-6	CALCIUM 2-ETHYLHEXANOATE	Trace
0000136-52-7	COBALT OCTATE	Trace
0000111-46-6	DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	Trace
0000107-98-2	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	Trace
0000071-36-3	N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	Trace

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

Skin Contact

Take off all contaminated clothing, shoes, and leather goods (e.g.,watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Store contaminated clothing under water and wash before re-use (or discard).

Eye Contact

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 30 minutes or until medical aid is available. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell or are concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No data available.

Specific Hazards in Case of Fire

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point.

Vapor accumulations and spray mist may flash or explode if ignited.

Closed containers may rupture due to pressure buildup when exposed to extreme heat.

Fire-fighting Procedures

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special Protective Actions

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

Recommended Equipment

Positive pressure, full-face piece self-contained breathing apparatus SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Dike area to contain spill.

Absorb spill with inert absorbent.

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

.44820 Page 4 of 12

General

Wash hands after use.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or mists.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

Storage Room Requirements

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous.

Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.

Ground and bond containers and receiving equipment. Avoid static electricity by grounding.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

Skin Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over- boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Use self-contained breathing apparatus where vapor concentrations are above TLV limits. Below TLV limits, use a NIOSH approved, canister type vapor respirator.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

A suitable, NIOSH-approved respirator and goggles should be worn when standing or grinding objects coated with this paint.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH Carcinogen
ALUMINUM SILICATE HYDRATE									1 (R)			A4
CALCIUM CARBONATE		[15]; [5 (a)];			1							
ETHYLBENZENE	100	435			1			20				A3
LACQUER DILUENT NAPTHA	500	2000			1							
M-XYLENE	100	435			1			100	434	150	651	A4
N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	100	300			1			20				

.44820 Page 5 of 12

O-XYLENE	100	435		1		100	434	150	651	A4
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER						50		100		A4
P-XYLENE	100	435		1		100	434	150	651	A4
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE	a	[10 mg/m3 percent SiO2+2 / 250 percent SiO2+5 mppcf]; [30 mg/m3 percent SiO2+2];		[1,3]; [3];			0.025 (R)			A2
STODDARD SOLVENT	500	2900		1		100	572			
ZINC OXIDE		[15]; [5];		1			2 (R)		10 (R)	

Chemical Name	ACGIH Notations	ACGIH TLV Basis
ALUMINUM SILICATE HYDRATE	A4	Pneumoco niosis; LRT irr; neurotoxicit y
CALCIUM CARBONATE		
ETHYLBENZENE	A3; BEI	URT irr;Kidney dam (nephropat hy); Cochlear impair
LACQUER DILUENT NAPTHA		
M-XYLENE	A4; BEI	URT & eye irr; CNS impair
N-BUTYL ALCOHOL		Eye & URT irr
O-XYLENE	A4; BEI	URT & eye irr; CNS impair
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	A4	Eye & URT irr
P-XYLENE	A4; BEI	URT & eye irr; CNS impair
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE	A2	Pulmonary fibrosis; lung cancer
STODDARD SOLVENT		Eye, skin, & kidney dam; nausea; CNS impair
ZINC OXIDE		Metal fume fever

.44820 Page 6 of 12

(C) - Ceiling limit, (R) - Respirable fraction, A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, dam - Damage, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, LRT - Lower respiratory tract, URT - Upper respiratory tract

The information in this Section does not list components that might have relevant Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3), ACGIH TWA (mg/m3), ACGIH STEL (mg/m3), ACGIH Carcinogen regulatory values, if they are present at less than 10%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and Chemical Properties

Density	10.12220 lb/gal
% Solids By Weight	53.20010%
% VOC	46.79990%
Density VOC	4.73719 lb/gal
VOC Regulatory	4.67342 lb/gal
VOC Regulatory	560.01600 g/l

Appearance liquid
Odor Threshold N/A

Odor Description strong solvent odor

рΗ N/A Water Solubility N/A Flammability N/A Flash Point Symbol N/A Flash Point N/A Viscosity N/A Lower Explosion Level N/A Upper Explosion Level N/A Vapor Pressure N/A Vapor Density NA Freezing Point N/A Melting Point N/A Low Boiling Point 334 °F High Boiling Point 334 °F Auto Ignition Temp N/A

Evaporation Rate slower than ether

Coefficient Water/Oil N/A

SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability

Stable.

Conditions to Avoid

Excessive heat.

Avoid excessive heat, sparks, flame and contact with incompatible materials.

Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization

.44820 Page 7 of 12

No data available.

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

May produce fumes when heated to decomposition.

Fumes may contain carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Prolonged or repeated exposure can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting and dermatitis.

Causes skin irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer

Reproductive Toxicity

Suspected of damaging fertility or an unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

No Data Available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

May cause potential damage to liver and kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Reports have associated repeated & prolonged exposure to solvents with permanent brain & nervous system damage.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration Hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Acute Toxicity

If inhaled they can cause headache, breathing difficulties and loss of consciousness.

Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache.

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating & inhaling vapors of this product may be harmful or fatal.

If ingested, can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Harmful in contact with skin

Harmful if inhaled

May be harmful if swallowed

Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

0000107-98-2 PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Tests in laboratory animals have shown effects on any of the following organs/systems: kidneys, liver. Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage.

0014808-60-7 SILICA, CRYSTALLINE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Repeated overexposure to crystalline silica may lead to x-ray changes and chronic lung disease. Inhalation of high dust concentrations may cause: breathing difficulties, lung injury. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

.44820 Page 8 of 12

May cause abnormal blood forming function with anemia. Liquid splashes in the eye may result in chemical burns.

0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. Studies in laboratory animals have shown reproductive, embryotoxic and developmental effects. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Chronic Exposure

0000071-36-3

0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

N-BUTYL ALCOHOL

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been listed by IARC as Group 2B, Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been Classified as POSSIBLE for humans.

0014808-60-7 SILICA, CRYSTALLINE

Prolonged inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust can result in lung disease (i.e. silicosis and/or lung cancer). Symptoms include coughing, shortness of breath, wheezing and reduced pulmonary function.

```
LC50 (rat): greater than 8000 ppm (4-hour exposure) (14)
LD50 (oral, rat): 2510 mg/kg (15)
LD50 (oral, male rat): 790 mg/kg (16)*
LD50 (oral, female rat): 2020 mg/kg (16)*
                                          *(Note: the rats used in this study appear to have been very young (60-100 grams).)
LD50 (oral, hamster): 1200 mg/kg (11, original
0000095-47-6
                  O-XYI FNF
LC50 (rat): 5300 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 4330 ppm (6-hour exposure) (3)
LC50 (mouse): 5630 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 4595 ppm (6-hour exposure) (3,4)
LD50 (oral, rat): 3608 mg/kg (3,16)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 20000 mg/kg (3)
0000100-41-4
                  ETHYLBENZENE
LC50 (inhalation, rat): 4000 ppm; 4-hour exposure (3)
LD50 (oral, rat): 3.5 g/kg (1,3,5,10)
LD50 (oral, rat): 4.72 g/kg (3,5,7,8)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 17.8 g/kg (11)
0000106-42-3
                  P-XYLENE
LC50 (rat): 4740 ppm (4-hour exposure) (3)
LC50 (mouse): 4800 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 3900 ppm (6-hour exposure) (1,4,6)
LD50 (oral, rat): 4030 mg/kg (3); 4550 mg/kg (10)
                  PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER
0000107-98-2
LC50 (rat): 15000 ppm; 4-hr exposure (2)
LC50 (guinea pig): 15000 ppm; 10-hr exposure (2)
LD50 (oral, rat): 6.6 g/kg (5.2-7.5 g/kg) (10)
LD50 (oral, mouse): 10.7-10.8 g/kg (2,12)
LD50 (oral, dog): 4.6-5.5 g/kg (2); approximately 9.2 g/kg (2)
LD50 (oral, rabbit): 5.2-5.3 g/kg (2,12)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 13-14 g/kg (10)
0000108-38-3
LC50 (rat): 7330 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 5984 ppm (6-hour exposure) (3,17)
LC50 (mouse): 6450 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 5267 ppm (6-hour exposure) (3)
LD50 (oral, rat): 5011 mg/kg (3); 6660 mg/kg (3)
LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12180 mg/kg (3,17)
0001314-13-2
                  ZINC OXIDE
LD50 (oral, mouse): 7950 mg/kg body weight (9)
0001317-65-3
                  CALCIUM CARBONATE
```

LD50 (oral, rat): 6450 mg/kg (10; unconfirmed)

0008052-41-3 STODDARD SOLVENT

LC50 (rat): greater than 5500 mg/m3 (880 ppm) (whole body exposure for 4 hours) (1)

LC50 (rat): greater than 8200 mg/m3 (1300 ppm) (2)

LD50 (oral, rat): greater than 5 g/kg (1) LD50 (dermal, rabbit): greater than 3 g/kg (1)

SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Bio-accumulative Potential

No data available.

Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

Mobility in Soil

No data available.

Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Information

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT Identification Number: UN/NA 1263

Hazard Class:3 Packing group: II

IMDG Information

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT Identification Number: UN/NA 1263

Hazard Class:3 Packing group: II

Marine Pollutant : No data available

IATA Information

Proper Shipping Name: PAINT Identification Number: UN/NA 1263

Hazard Class:3 Packing group: II

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0001317-65-3	CALCIUM CARBONATE	11% - 27%	SARA312,TSCA
NA-Repcolite	ALKYD RESIN	11% - 26%	SARA312
0000108-38-3	M-XYLENE	10% - 23%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,CERCLA,HAPS,SARA312,VOC,TSCA,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0068410-97-9	LACQUER DILUENT NAPTHA	6% - 14%	DSL,SARA312,VOC,TSCA
0000106-42-3	P-XYLENE	4% - 10%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,CERCLA,HAPS,SARA312,VOC,TSCA,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0000100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE	4% - 10%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,CERCLA,HAPS,SARA312,VOC,TSCA,CA_Carcinogen,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer
0000095-47-6	O-XYLENE	4% - 9%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,CERCLA,HAPS,SARA312,VOC,TSCA,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0001314-13-2	ZINC OXIDE	0.1% - 1.4%	Canada_NPRI,DSL,CERCLA,SARA312,TSCA
0001335-30-4	ALUMINUM SILICATE HYDRATE	0.1% - 1.3%	DSL,SARA312,TSCA
0000096-29-7	2-BUTANONE OXIME	0.0% - 0.3%	DSL,SARA312,VOC,TSCA
0014808-60-7	SILICA, CRYSTALLINE	0.0% - 0.2%	DSL,SARA312,TSCA,CA_Carcinogen,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer
0008052-41-3	STODDARD SOLVENT	Trace	Canada_NPRI,DSL,SARA312,VOC,TSCA,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0000136-51-6	CALCIUM 2- ETHYLHEXANOATE	Trace	DSL,SARA312,TSCA
0000136-52-7	COBALT OCTATE	Trace	Canada_NPRI,DSL,CERCLA,HAPS,SARA312,TSCA
0000111-46-6	DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	Trace	DSL,SARA312,VOC,TSCA
0000107-98-2	PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	Trace	DSL,SARA312,VOC,TSCA,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
0000071-36-3	N-BUTYL ALCOHOL	Trace	Canada_NPRI,DSL,CERCLA,SARA312,VOC,TSCA,WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The information in this Section does not list components that might have relevant Canada_NPRI, DSL, SARA312, TSCA, WI_NR438 - WI_NR438 - AIR CONTAMINANT EMISSION INVENTORY REPORTING REQUIREMENTS regulatory values, if they are present at less than 10%. Please contact manufacturer for more information.

SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

General

.44820 Page 11 of 12

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL-Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

HMIS



(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

Version 3.0:

Revision Date: Nov 02, 2018

DISCLAIMER

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.

.44820 Page 12 of 12