

	SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PR	RODUCT AND MANUFACT	JRER'S IDENTIFICATION	
Product ID:	6150			
Product Name:	SC-150			
Revision Date:	Feb 08, 2024	Date Printed:	Feb 08, 2024	
Version:	1.0	Supersedes Date:	N.A.	
Manufacturer's Name:	Repcolite Paints, Inc.			
Address:	473 West 17th Street Holland,	MI, US, 49423		
Emergency Phone:	800-535-5053			
Information Phone Numl	per: 616-396-1275			
Fax:	616-396-9654			

## **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## Classification

Flammable Liquids - Category 3

Flammables solids - Category 2

Acute toxicity Dermal - Category 3

Acute toxicity Oral - Category 5

Aspiration Hazard - Category 1

Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Eye Irritation - Category 2A

Skin Irritation - Category 3

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 2

Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 2

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 2

Safety data sheet prepared in accordance to the United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

## **Pictograms**



Signal Word

Danger

## Hazardous Statements - Physical

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H228 - Flammable solid

## Hazardous Statements - Health

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

- H303 May be harmful if swallowed
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation
- H316 Causes mild skin irritation
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Hazardous Statements - Environmental

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

#### **Precautionary Statements - General**

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.

### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection/face protection.
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
- P321 For specific treatment see section 4.
- P361 + P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P391 Collect spillage.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide to extinguish.
- P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P314 Get Medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

P405 - Store locked up.

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Precautionary Statements - Disposal** 

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to disposal recycling center. Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

## SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	
0064742-94-5	AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	68% - 100%	
0000091-20-3	NAPHTHALENE	5% - 11%	
0000095-63-6	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	0.2% - 3%	

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

## **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

If unwell or exposed and concerned: Get medical attention.

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

### **Skin Contact**

If you feel unwell or if concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off all contaminated clothing, shoes, and leather goods (e.g.,watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

#### Eye Contact

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

### Ingestion

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

## **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

#### SMALL FIRE: Use DRY chemical powder.

#### Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

No data available.

#### **Specific Hazards in Case of Fire**

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point.

Vapor accumulations and spray mist may flash or explode if ignited.

Closed containers may rupture due to pressure buildup when exposed to extreme heat.

## **Fire-fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

**Special Protective Actions** 

## **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **Emergency Procedure**

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

Positive pressure, full-face piece self-contained breathing apparatus SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

### **Personal Precautions**

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Dike area to contain spill.

Absorb spill with a non-flammable absorbent. Place in closeable containers using non-sparking tools.

Wiping rags or other absorbents saturated with this product are potential sources of spontaneous combustion. Store all rags in a closed, water-filled container or spread out and allow to dry completely before disposal.

## **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### **Ventilation Requirements**

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

### **Storage Room Requirements**

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this

product is used and stored.

## General

Wash hands after use. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or mists. Use good personal hygiene practices. Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

## **SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### **Respiratory protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Use self-contained breathing apparatus where vapor concentrations are above TLV limits. Below TLV limits, use a NIOSH approved, canister type vapor respirator.

## Eye protection

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

### **Skin Protection**

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over- boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

## **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	ACGIH TWA (ppm)
1,2,4- TRIMETHYLBE NZENE								10
AROMATIC HYDROCARBO N MIXTURE >C9	500	2000			1			(L)[N159](L) [N800]
NAPHTHALEN E	10	50			1			10

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH Notations	ACGIH TLV Basis
1,2,4- TRIMETHYLBE NZENE				A4		CNS impair; hematologic eff
AROMATIC HYDROCARBO N MIXTURE >C9	[(L)[N159](L) [N800]]; [5 (I) [N159]5 (I) [N800]];			[A2[N159]A2 [N800]]; [A4 [N159]A4 [N800]];	[A2[N159]A2 [N800]]; [A4 [N159]A4 [N800]];	URT irr [N159]URT irr [N800]
NAPHTHALEN E				A3	Skin; A3; BEI	URT irr; cataracts; hemolytic anemia

(C) - Ceiling limit, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI -Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, eff - Effects, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, URT - Upper respiratory tract

## **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Density	7.47000 lb/gal	
% Solids By Weight	0.0000%	
% VOC	100.00000%	
Density VOC	7.47000 lb/gal	
VOC Regulatory	7.47000 lb/gal	
VOC Regulatory	895.13000 g/l	
Appearance	CLEAR COLORLESS	
Odor Threshold	N/A	
Odor Description	SWEET AROMATIC	

9

рН	N/A
Water Solubility	(no selection)
Flammability	N/A
Flash Point Symbol	N/A
Flash Point	145.00000 °F
Viscosity	N/A
Lower Explosion Level	N/A
Upper Explosion Level	N/A
Vapor Pressure	N/A
Vapor Density	N/A
Freezing Point	N/A
Melting Point	N/A
Low Boiling Point	356.00000 °F
High Boiling Point	423.00000 °F
Auto Ignition Temp	463.00000 °C
Decomposition Pt	N/A
Evaporation Rate	N/A
Coefficient Water/Oil	N/A

# SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

## **Chemical Stability**

Stable.

## **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

No data available.

## **Conditions To Avoid**

Avoid excessive heat, sparks, flame and contact with incompatible materials.

## **Incompatible Materials**

Strong oxidizers.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

May produce fumes when heated to decomposition.

Fumes may contain carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

## **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Prolonged or repeated exposure can cause moderate skin irritation, defatting and dermatitis.

Liquid is irritating to the skin.

Causes mild skin irritation

## Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Eye contact will result in severe irritation, redness, tearing and blurred vision.

### Causes serious eye irritation

### **Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and headache.

Allergic responses may develop.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

Risk of lung cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Suspected of causing cancer.

### **Reproductive Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

May cause potential damage to liver and kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Reports have associated repeated & prolonged exposure to solvents with permanent brain & nervous system damage.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis.

### **Aspiration Hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

If liquid is swallowed, it may get into lungs by aspiration

#### **Acute Toxicity**

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating & inhaling vapors of this product may be harmful or fatal. If inhaled they can cause headache, breathing difficulties and loss of consciousness. If ingested, can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Toxic in contact with skin

May be harmful if swallowed

0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

High concentration of vapors may cause intoxication

### Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

### **Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous**

### 0000091-20-3 NAPHTHALENE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Tests in some laboratory animals demonstrate carcinogenic activity. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: kidneys, liver. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

### 0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

0000091-20-3 NAPHTHALENE

LC50: Insufficient data

LD50 (oral, mouse): 533 mg/kg (male); 710 mg/kg (female) (1) LD50 (oral, rat): 1780 mg/kg (2)

0000095-63-6 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

LC50 (rat): 18 g/m3 (4-hour exposure) (1)

LD50 (oral, rat): 5 g/kg (1)

0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

LC50 (Rodent - rat, Inhalation) : >590 mg/m3 (4 hour exposure) Toxic effects : Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value.

LD50 (Rodent - rabbit, Administration onto the skin) : >2 mL/kg ,Toxic effects : Behavioral - somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - changes in motor activity (specific assay) Behavioral - irritability

## **Toxicity**

Toxic to aquatic life

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

## **Persistence and Degradability**

0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

Readily biodegradable

# **Bioaccumulative Potential**

0064742-94-5 AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9

Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

## **Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

## **Other Adverse Effects**

No data available.

## **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## **Waste Disposal**

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

## **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

	U.S. DOT Information	IMDG Information	IATA Information
UN number:	UN1268	UN1268	UN1268
Proper shipping name:	Petroleum products, n.o.s.	Petroleum products, n.o.s.	Petroleum products, n.o.s.
Hazard class:	3	3	3
Packaging group:	Ш	Ш	Ш
Hazardous substance (RQ):	No Data Available		
Marine Pollutant:	No Data Available	No Data Available	
Note / Special Provision:	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Toxic-Inhalation Hazard:	No Data Available		

**SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION** 

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0064742-94-5	AROMATIC HYDROCARBON MIXTURE >C9	68% - 100%	Canada_NPRI, DSL, SARA312, VOC, TSCA
0000091-20-3	NAPHTHALENE	5% - 11%	SARA313, Canada_NPRI, DSL, HAPS, SARA312, OC_HAPS, VOC, TSCA, CA_Carcinogen, CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer
0000095-63-6	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	0.2% - 3%	SARA313, Canada_NPRI, DSL, SARA312, VOC, TSCA



**WARNING:**This product can expose you to chemicals including NAPHTHALENE, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

## **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

## General

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

## **HMIS**

Health	/ 2
FLAMMABILITY	2
Physical Hazard	0
Personal Protection	X

### (\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

## DISCLAIMER

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.